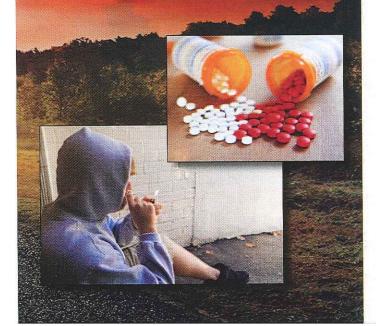


Low-income residents living within the 32-county region served by Operation UNITE who suffer from substance abuse issues can receive financial assistance to obtain short-term and long-term residential treatment.

Once an individual has been approved for this one-time voucher, they will be given treatment recommendations. Participants make the final decision regarding what treatment facility to enter.

Priority is given to participants with no treatment history, juveniles, intravenous drug users and pregnant women. Detoxification treatments are not covered.



Contacts

Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy 502-564-8277 www.odcp.ky.gov

Recovery Kentucky 502-564-7630 www.recoveryky.com

KY Cabinet for Health & Family Services Substance Abuse Prevention Program

- · Community Mental Health Centers
- Regional Prevention Centers 502-564-4456 www.dbhdid.ky.gov

Drugfree.org Parents Toll-Free Hotline 1-855-378-4373 www.timetogethelp.drugfree.org/learn/helpline

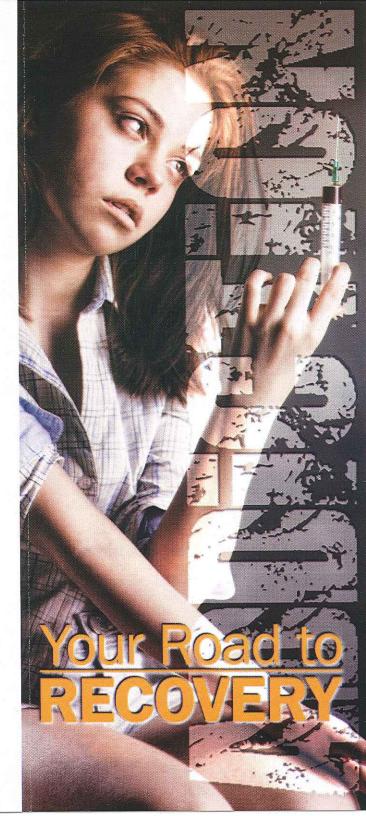
SAMHSA (Substance Abuse & Mental Health Services Administration) www.findtreatment.samhsa.gov/

Operation UNITE Treatment Helpline 1-866-908-6483 www.operationunite.org









The first step

The first step in addressing a substance abuse problem is to get an assessment from a health care professional to determine if treatment is needed and, if so, to refer you to the right type of treatment.

Types of treatment

There are two types of treatment: Outpatient and Inpatient. Outpatient services are offered through health clinics, community mental health clinics, counselors' offices, hospital clinics, local health departments, or residential programs with outpatient clinics. Residential programs provide a living environment with treatment services.

Will treatment work?

The effectiveness of a treatment program depends upon the willingness and desire of the individual to reclaim their life from *addiction*. Having support from family and friends will also play an important role in treatment and recovery.

How long will it take?

Sobriety is something you will work on for the rest of your life. Treatment programs can last from weeks to months.

What happens after treatment?

Having strong support from family and friends, combined with attending after-care support groups, will enhance your chances of staying clean. It is necessary to stay away from the influences that led to your addiction.

Who do I call?

You are not alone. Addiction is, unfortunately, very common and can happen to anyone. Fortunately it is treatable and anyone can recover. For more information, please see the list of contacts listed in this brochure.

More people die from unintentional drug overdoses in the United States than in automobile accidents—that's about 1 person every 15 minutes.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Casey's Law

The Matthew Casey Wethington Act for Substance Abuse Intervention, "Casey's Law," provides a means of intervening with someone who is unable to recognize his or her need for treatment due to their impairment. This law will allow parents, relatives and/or friends to petition the court for treatment on behalf of the substance abuse-impaired person. A copy of the petition may be obtained from the District Court clerk's office in your county by requesting Form 700A—the Verified Petition for Involuntary Treatment of Alcohol/Drug Abuse.



Recovery Kentucky

Recovery Kentucky was created to help Kentuckians recover from substance abuse, which often leads to chronic homelessness. There are 10 Recovery Kentucky centers across the Commonwealth-Campbellsville, Erlanger, Florence, Harlan, Henderson, Hopkinsville, Morehead, Owensboro, Paducah and Richmond. The Recovery Programs have been named "A Model That Works" by the US Department of Health and Human Services. These centers provide housing and recovery services for up to 1,000 individuals. Each center uses a recovery program model that includes peer support, daily living skills classes, job responsibilities and establishes new behaviors.